



Day 37

433	출장	Business trip
434	잠시 후	After a while
435	방송	Broadcasting
436	안내 방송	Announcement
437	일기	Weather
438	예보	Forecast
439	일기	Diary
440	지각	Tardy
441	통역	Interpretation
442	경제	Economy
443	경제적	Economic(al)
444	경제학	Economics

Day 38

445	대해	About
446	강의하다	Lecture
447	잊어버리다	Forget
448	잊다	Forget
449	바로	Right away, correctly, just like
450	그만	Enough, right now, unavoidably
451	이따가	After a while
452	액션	Action (genre)
453	공포	Horror
454	편리하다	Be convenient
455	하얗다	Be very white
456	그러다	Do so, say so

Day 39

457	냄새가 나다	Smell come out
458	아무	None, anyone
459	취직	Employment
460	취직하다	Be employed
461	낳다	Give birth to
462	다치다	Injure, hurt, harm
463	보너스	Bonus
464	엽서	Postcard
465	홀륭하다	Be magnificent
466	신입사원	New employee
467	기도	Prayer
468	기도하다	Pray

Day 40

469	부부	Husband and wife
470	모았다	Collected
471	조깅	Jogging
472	서로	Mutually, each other
473	새해	New year
474	달러	Dollar
475	대학	College
476	대학교	University
477	대학교수	Professor
478	대학생	University student
479	대화	Conversation
480	더	Even, again

Day 41

481	도시	City
482	독일	Germany
483	동물	Animal
484	동쪽	East
485	돼지고기	Pork
486	두	Two
487	둘째	Second
488	들다	Enter, move in, check in (hotel)
489	딸	Daughter
490	딸기	Strawberry
491	떠나다	Leave, pass away, cut off
492	똑같다	Be just alike

Day 42

493	똑바로	Correctly, straight
494	뛰다	(Heart) beat
495	또	Again
496	라디오	Radio
497	라면	Ramen
498	마지막	End
499	말다	Cease, unnecessary, must not
500	말하다	Speak
501	말다	Be bright, be clear, be clean
502	맛	Taste
503	맛보다	Taste like
504	매우	Very

Grammar (문법)

Unit 13: Intentions and Plans

1. A/V-겠어요(1) ( "I will/plan to/am going to" )  
No third person; ~겠~ = less assertive thoughts  
Negative form = ~지 않겠어요 / 안 ~겠어요
2. V-(으)르게요 ( "I will do..." ) (colloquial)  
~(으)르게요 = Relates with listener  
~(으)르 거예요 = Unidirectional intention (no relation)
3. V-(으)래요(2) ( "I will/am going to" ) (colloquial)  
Does not confer a feeling of politeness

Unit 14: Background Information and Explanations

1. A/V-(으)ㄴ/는데(2) ( "so/therefore/and" )  
1st clause expresses reason/background/content  
~(으)ㄴ데 = Adjectives/이다; ~는데 = Present verbs  
~았/었는데 = Past verbs/adjectives
2. V-(으)니까(2) ( "when/...only to discover" )  
2nd clause = discovery after action in 1st clause  
~았~/~겠~ cannot precede it

Unit 15: Purpose and Intention

1. V-(으)러 가다/오다 ( "in order to" )  
Action = first, place = second  
Movement verbs only after ~(으)러 (가다; 오다; 다니다)  
Not before (가다; 오다; 올라가다; 내려가다; 들어가다; 나가다; 여행하다; 이사하다)
2. V-(으)려고 ( "so that/in order to" )  
Do 2nd clause in order to do the 1st clause.  
~(으)러 = movement verbs; ~(으)려고 = all verbs  
~(으)러 = Past/present/future; ~(으)려고 = no future  
~(으)러 = ~(으)버시다 / ~(으)세요; ~(으)려고 = NO
3. V-(으)려고 하다 ( "plan/intend to" )  
~(으)려고 했다 = the plan didn't go as expected
4. N을/를 위해(서), V-기 위해(서) ( "in order to" )  
The speaker will do 2nd clause for sake of 1st  
위해서 = 위하여서; also 서 can be omitted = 위해  
No adjectives unless + ~아/어지다 (건강해지기 위해 서 운동을 합니다.)  
~기 위해서 can use ~아/어야 해요; ~(으)버시다;  
~(으)세요; ~(으)르까요? but ~(으)려고 cannot
5. V-기로 하다 ( Making a promise )  
Usually always past (~기로 했다 "made a promise" )  
Present when deciding (등산하기로 해요. "Let' s..." )