



## Korean Grammar: 초급 단어와 문법 Week 1

### Day 1

1	그리고	And
2	그렇지만	But
3	그래서	So/therefore
4	막혀요	Traffic jam
5	주무시다	To sleep (H)
6	말씀하시다	To speak (H)
7	잡수시다/드시다	To eat (H)
8	드시다	To drink (H)
9	돌아가시다	To die (H)
10	모셔가다	To take (H)
11	계시다	To exist (H)
12	있으시다	To have (H)

### Day 2

13	연세	Age (H)
14	말씀	Words (H)
15	진지	Meal/food (H)
16	분	Person (H)
17	생신	Birthday (H)
18	댁	House (H)
19	성함	Name (H)
20	부인	Wife (H)
21	말씀드리다	To speak (H)
22	드리다 (주다)	To give (H)
23	여쭙다 (묻다)	To ask (H)
24	뵙다 (보다)	To meet (H)

### Day 3

25	선생님	Teacher
26	사장님	President (company)
27	목사님	Pastor
28	교수님	Professor
29	박사님	Doctor
30	원장님	Principal/director
31	부장님	Chief, Dept manager
32	께서	은/는 ; 이/가 (H)
33	저	I (H)
34	저희	Our (H)
35	당신/너	You (H)
36	너희	Your (H)

### Day 4

37	그러니까	So/therefore
38	가수	Singer
39	밑	Under
40	구두	Shoes
41	화분	Plant (planter)
42	옷걸이	Coat rack
43	꽃병	Flower vase
44	센티미터	Centimeters
45	킬로그램	Kilograms
46	몸무게	Body weight
47	시월	October
48	유월	June

### Day 5

49	분	Counting people (older)
50	마리	Counting animals
51	명	Counting people (general)
52	권	Counting books (bound materials)
53	개	Counting objects (general)
54	병	Counting bottles
55	장	Counting papers
56	잔	Counting glasses
57	대	Counting electronics
58	살	Counting years (age)
59	송이	Counting flowers
60	컬레	Counting pairs?

### Day 6

61	스물/스무	20
62	서른	30
63	마흔	40
64	쉰	50
65	예순	60
66	일흔	70
67	여든	80
68	아흔	90
69	천만	10,000,000
70	일억	100,000,000
71	다수	Large number
72	숫자	Number

## Grammar (문법)

### Intro to the Korean Language

#### 1. Korean sentence structure

Subject + (Adverb) + Object + Verb  
Object + (Adverb) + Subject + Verb  
이/가 ; 은/는 = subject particle marker;  
을/를 = object particle marker

#### 2. Conjugation of verbs and adjectives

Verbs: + ㅂ니다 (present)  
+ 시 + ㅂ니다 (honorific)  
+ 았/었 + 습니다 (past)  
Adjectives: + 습니다 (is ...)  
+ 았/었 + 습니다 (was ...)  
+ 겠 (guess) + 습니다 (seems to be ...)

#### 3. Connecting sentences

그리고/그렇지만/그래서 can drop all the 그 ㄹ stuff to join together those two sentences with just ~고~/~지만~/~서~

#### 4. Sentence types

Declarative, interrogative, imperative, propositive  
Formal (-스)ㅂ니다), informal polite (~아/어요)

#### 5. Honorific expressions

+ (으)시 to verb/adjective stems (가다 -> 가시다)  
이/가 -> 께서 ; 은/는 -> 께서는 ; 에게 (한테) -> 께  
당신 = for one's spouse; 너 = for close friends

### Getting Ready

#### 1. 이다 (to be)

예요 = ending when no final 받침 consonant;  
이에요 = when previous word ends with a 받침

#### 2. 있다 (to exist/be, to have)

Typically, N이/가 N(place)에 있다  
Can also, N(place)에 N이/가 있다

#### 3. Numbers

Sino-Korean (일, 이, 삼, 사) = for counting  
"Pure" Korean (하나, 둘, 셋) = 1st, 2nd, etc.

#### 4. Dates and Days of the Week

몇년 = What Year?  
몇월 = What Month?  
며칠 = What Date?  
무슨 요일 = What day of the week?

#### 5. Time

~에 = attached to end of time noun